The Flowers Collection
THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VI.—NO. 843.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., MONDAY FEB. 24, 1862. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN.

BY E. H. BRITTON.

OFFICE..................NO. 16 TRYON STREET, Over China Hall, on the second floor.

TERMS FOR PAPER:

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Southern Express Company forward packages by Passenger Trains and Steamers, and Despatches by Telegraph, to all parts of the Country.

Congressional.

Received at Bulletin Office Feb. 24.

RICHMOND, Feb. 22.—Both Houses took a recess this morning to attend the Inauguration.

In House, subsequently, Mr. Foote introduced a resolution appointing a committee of one from each State, to request the Secretary of War to furnish the fullest and minutest particulars in reference to the condition of the armies in the field—the seaboard and river defences or elsewhere, and report, with a view to enable Congress [illegible] national independence and [illegible] security peace and safety. The resolution was tabled for the present.

Senate, business is unimportant.

From Memphis.

Received at Telegraph Office, Feb. 23 }
at Bulletin Office, 11:20 a. m. }

MEMPHIS, Feb. 20.—Governor Harris has issued a Proclamation calling out the militia. Tennessee has 67 Regiments in the field but the Confederate Government calls for 32 more.

The Tennessee Legislature meets here to-day.

An attack is expected at Columbus daily. Beauregard will defend it at all hazards.

Gun Boats are reported at Clarksville this morning, en route to Nashville.

It is reported, but doubted, that if a sufficient force can be collected in time to defend Nashville there will be a fight in that vicinity shortly.

The latest advices state that Col. Herbert is at Pratts store and the Federals are between him and the Kirkville Telegraph Roads. They have been reinforced, making 20,000 in all.

Heavy firing was heard in Fayetteville, Arkansas, on the 17th inst.

Generals Price and McCulloch are falling back before a superior force, and on the 18th were at Boston Mountain. The same day a fight occurred at Pratts Store. McRea's, McNairy s and Herbert's regiments were engaged. The enemy were repulsed.

Our loss at the Fort Donelson fight of four days, was 1,600. The enemy's loss was 4,000.

Late Saturday night a council of war was held at Fort Donelson, when it was determined to surrender. Gen. Buckner was left to make it known to Gen. Pillow and staff. Gen. Floyd and 800 of his brigade went to Clarksville on Sunday morning. Buckner remained.

Our army of 12,000 men capitulated on Sunday.

It is believed that Nashville has been evacuated and the army has fallen back, but to what point is not known.

Latest from the North.

NORFOLK, Feb. 21.

A flag of truce arrived to-day from Fortress Monroe, which brought Northern papers to the 20th instant.

The New York *Herald*, of yesterday, says that the rebel agents in Paris declare that the seceded States will approve of the construction of an monarchy in the South, if it can be attempted with any prospect of success.

In the Federal Senate a petition was presented from citizens of New York, asking that the name of South Carolina shall be expunged from the list of States, and its territory divided between Georgia and North Carolina.

In the House, resolutions were offered by Mr. Hickman, of Pa., directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the allegations against Mr. Vallandigham for alleged disloyalty. Mr. V. vehemently denied the accusation. The resolutions were withdrawn.

The culture of cotton was disappearing from Dutch Guinea.

The New York *Herald* appears delighted at the Queen's speech, and says that it extinguishes the last glimmering of intervention; and closes by urging the Southern people to rise in general revolution and put down rebellion.

The resolution of thanks to Commodore Wilkes has been indefinitely postponed in the Federal Senate.

Washington city will be illuminated on the night of the 22d February, at the expense of the Government.

The capture of Gen. Price was announced in the House of Representatives and created uproarous applause.

The fire reported on the Cumberland river was caused by the burning of the Tennessee Rolling Mills by the Federals.

According to the Yankee account, there were 12,000 stand of arms taken at Fort Donelson; also, 1,200 boxes of beef and other stores.

There was a great number of dead unburied at Fort Donelson on the 18th inst.

Dispatches from Cairo on the 19th, and from Clarksville and St. Louis on the same date, state that Capt. Stubbs had captured Gen. Price, Col. Dorsey, Col. Cass, and Capt. Judge, of Price's staff.—The companies under their command escaped.

The myrmids of Northern fanatics who became mad with excitement and joy at the fall of Fort Donelson, are slowly recovering their senses, after hearing of the great slaughter of the Yankees.

Secretary Stanton recommends the speedy execution of Col. Amsaugel, on the charge by Gen. Lander of cowardice.

Lucius H. Chandler has been appointed Consul at Matamoras.

The Gen. Price reported as having been taken prisoner is not Sterling Price, the great Confederate leader in Missouri.

Three batteries of artillery left St. Louis on the 19th inst., for the Cumberland river.

The attacking force at Savannah is 14,000.

MESSAGE
OF
President JEFFERSON DAVIS,

DELIVERED AT RICHMOND FEBRUARY 22, 1862.

Copied from the South Carolinian.]

RICHMOND, Feb. 22.

There has been a continuous rain all day. The Inaugural was delivered from the Washington Monument. The President said: We have assembled to usher into existence a Permanent Government, which we hope will be perpetual, upon principles inaugurated by our revolutionary fathers, and with mingled feelings of humility and pride, I appear to take, in the presence of these people and before Heaven, the oath prescribed for the [illegible] to which the [illegible] voice of the people has called me.

He referred to the long course and class of legislation which has been aggrandizing the North and culminating in a warfare upon the institutions of the South, threatening to destroy State sovereignty, when six of those States withdrew from the Union, the better to secure the liberties for which that Union was established. Whatever hopes may have been entertained that a returning sense of justice would remove the danger threatening our rights and preserve the Union, have been dispelled by the malignity and barbarities of the North in the prosecution of the existing war.

In proof of our sincerity to maintain our ancient institutions, we point to the Constitution of the Confederacy and the laws enacted and to back that, through all the necessity of an unequal struggle, no act on our part has impaired personal liberty or freedom of speech, thought or the press. Every right of peaceful citizens has been maintained as securely as if a war of invasion did not disturb the land. The people of the States now confederated became convinced that the United States had fallen into the hands of a sectional majority, which would destroy every right which was pledged to protect them.—They therefore determined to sever the bonds and establish a new confederacy homogenous in interests, policy and feeling.

True to our traditions of peace and love of justice, we sent Commissioners to the United States, to propose a fair and amicable settlement of all questions of public debt or property which might be disputed. The Government at Washington denied the right of self-government, and refused to listen to proposals of peaceful separation.

The first year of our history is eventful. A new Government has been established over seven hundred thousand square miles. Our Confederacy has grown from six to eleven States, and Maryland, when able to speak with undenied voice, will unite her destinies with the South. Our people rallied with an unexampled and unanimous support of the great principles of Constitutional Government, and with firm resolve will perpetuate by arms the rights they could not peacefully secure. A million men are now standing in hostile array, waging a war along the frontiers for thousands of miles. Battles have been fought and seiges conducted, and although the contest is not ended, and the tide for a moment is against us, the final result in our favor is not doubtful. He says the period is near at hand when our foes must sink under the load of debt incurred; we have had our trials and difficulties, but any sacrifice will be cheap as the price of success. Probably, by an ordination of Providence, we may be taught the value of our liberties by the price incurred, and the recollections of the great contest will be a bond of harmony and endearing affection, producing unity in policy, fraternity in sentiment and joint effort in war.

Our past sacrifices, in consequence of the blockade of our ports, are developing the resources of a self-supporting, independent people. It affords gratification to know that we have maintained the war by our unaided exertions, and have neither asked nor obtained assistance from any quarter. In conclusion, he invoked the blessings of Heaven upon our efforts and cause.

Nothing from Nashville.

RICHMOND, February 21.

No Nashville mail has been received here for the past seven days and no dispatches from Nashville for the past two days. It is stated here in telegraphic circles that the telegraph office at Nashville has been closed. The public must draw their own inferences.

From Savannah.

The steamer *Ida*, Capt. Circopely, (says the *News* of the 22d inst.,) started yesterday morning at ten o'clock to go to Costan's Bluff. As she passed into St. Augustine Creek she was fired upon from the enemy's floating battery and three vessels in Mud river. Six shot and shell were directed at the little steamer, none of which took effect. The *Ida* passed on to Thunderbolt. On her return to the city, the weather being foggy, she was not fired on by the enemy, owing, probably, to the fact that she could not be seen from the enemy's batteries.

Capt. Circopely reports two vessels in Wright's river, and four in Mud river back of Venus' Point, and near the floating battery.

FROM SKIDAWAY.—On Friday morning there were twenty Federal vessels off Skidaway. They were striking their tents at Great Warsaw Island, and a large volume of smoke was seen on the Island. There was evidently some movement in their camp.

THE YANKEE PRISONERS.—We learn that on Friday night thirteen Yankee prisoners left our prison without the knowledge of the *four* sentinels on duty there.

Our citizens have for some time been distrustful of their safe keeping, and repeated complaints have been made that the number of the guard on duty was insufficient, but their complaints have not been heeded.

If the scamps had remained a week longer they would have been sent home at the expense of the Government, as an order has been issued by the War Department to send for exchange some 3,000 in our hands. As it is, they risk being shot wherever found, as our citizens will certainly watch for these John Brown men, and destroy them if found, as they most [illegible]

"Bethel Reg't to be Reorganized."

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF N. C.
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
RALEIGH, Jan. 27th 1862. }

THE FIRST REGIMENT N. C. VOLunteers being disbanded, a Regiment of Volunteers for the war will be formed to take its place. All the Companies of the old Regiment about to re-organize for the war, are requested to report to this Office without delay, with the view of going into this Regiment, which will receive the "Bethel Flag."

Additional Volunteer Companies for the war will be accepted, to whom a bounty of fifteen dollars per man will be paid by the State, and fifty by the Confederate States. When a full Company is tendered four officers will be commissioned; with a less number, appointments will be given as follows: a Captain for forty men, First Lieutenant for twenty-five, Second Lieutenant for fifteen.

The Militia who have been ordered on duty and to be in readiness, can still avail themselves of this opportunity of getting into the Volunteer service, and the number so doing will be credited to their respective Counties.

By order of Governor H. T. CLARK.
J. G. MARTIN,
Adjutant General.

☞ All the papers in the State copy four times. jan 30 1861 4t.

PALMETTO.
IRON WORKS.
COLUMBIA, S. C.,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. MDCCCLI.
WILLIAM GLAZE,

MANUFACTURER OF STEAM ENGINES, from 10 to 80 Horse Power; SUGAR MILLS of every style now in use, Mill Work of every discription. Also, Iron Railing, with every discription of Iron and Brass Castings.

I would call attention to Iron Casting in the way of enclosing Public Buildings, Dwellings, Cast Steps, Balestre Railing, and all kind of enclosures for Cemetary lots.

Having a first rate Boiler maker with us, we are prepared to manufacture Boilers, or repair them, at short notice. Will send boiler maker to any part of the State. Our Steam Engines will be found, when compared with those made at Northern establishments, to be from twenty-five to forty per cent larger for the same horse power.

These Works have been in successful operation for several years, with an increase of patronage from all parts of the Southern country, for which the Proprietor returns his thanks to his numerous friends and patrons, and begs to assure them that no pains or expense will be spared to merit a continuance of their favors.

may 17-tf

The Literary Paper of the South.
"EVERY FAMILY SHOULD READ IT"

THE TIMES.

THE LARGEST! THE CHEAPEST! THE BEST! ILLUSTRATED SOUTHERN FAMILY PAPER!

THE TIMES is neither political nor sectarian, but is the constant aim of the Editors to fill its columns with the choisest Historical, Literary and Family reading, and with a large selection of all the new of the day, both foreign and domestic.

The fifth volume commences with the new year 1860. Engagements have been made to make this the most brilliant year in the history of THE TIMES. It will commence with

Three Beautiful Prize Stories.

Its illustrations will be increased, and its typographical appearance will be improved by a still neater dress. The Publishers are determined to keep pace with the improvements of the age: their motto is "PROGRESSION," and as the circulation of THE TIMES enlarges each year, they are determined to add new attractions to its columns, and make it the literary paper of the South. With these inducements the Publishers confidently expect several thousand increase in circulation.

But as additional incentives to the friends of the South to enconrage their own literary and family paper, in which they will find none of that impure and immoral reading which sometimes they get from abroad, the Publishers of THE TIMES offer

$2,500 IN PREMIUMS

For subscribers to commence with the new volume and the new year. THE TIMES is printed weekly on eight large pages, fine paper, at $2 a year, in advance. For specimen numbers and circulars address the Publishers.

COLE & ALBRIGHT.
nov. 8-tf Greensboro, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA
FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS,
SALISBURY, N. C.
FRERCKS & READER,
SUCCESSORS TO N. BOYDEN & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Cultivators, Plows,
Corn-Shellers,
Seed-Sowers
Horse-Powers & Thrashers,
THE CELEBRATED
TELEGRAPH CUTTING MACHINE,
For Fodder, Hay, Stalks, Oats and Shucks,
Being the first Premium Machine of the Fairs of North and South Carolina,
CIDER & SUGAR MILLS.
SHAFTING AND MACHINERY
For Grist, Circular & Vertical Saw Mills,
Gold Copper & Silver Mines.

Manufacturers of and Agents for Dr. E. O. ELLIOTT'S PATENT MULAY SAW MILL and WATER WHEELS.

Plantation and County Rights for sale of W. T. & C. E. STUART'S PATENT DOUBLE ACTING HAY OR COTTON PRESS.

Iron and Brass Casting, Forgings, and Finished Work of every Description.

TOBACCO PRESSES AND FIXTURES,
And other Kinds of Machinery repaired at short notice. [june 18, 1861-ly

SCHOOL NOTICE.

I shall resume the duties of my school on the 6th of January in the North Carolina Military Institute.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

For tution in Primary studies and Elementary Arithmetic.	$12,00
" " " Practical Arithmetic with Collateral studies	$16,00
" " " Classical Studies.	$20,00

N. B.—No deduction after entering school except in case of protracted sickness.
dec 31-1861 [illegible] R. H. GRIFFITH.

REMOVAL.

We have removed [illegible] Livery and Sale Stables, from our old [illegible] rear of the Mansion House, [illegible] "Tattersall" Stables, opposite the [illegible] where we would be pleased to wait on the public generally.

At our new stand [illegible] better prepared to attend to the wants of the public, having a much more convenient building than the one we were formerly [illegible] and being well provided with provender.

We have good [illegible] the accommodation of drovers, being prepared to accommodate any amount of horses and mules, and would be pleased to wait on any drover who may give us a call.

We have, also, a [illegible] Black-smith shop in connection with [illegible] stables, and would be pleased to [illegible] the wants of the people in that line.

Give us a call.
BROWN & [illegible]SWORTH.
[illegible]
Dec 23, 1861—d2mos.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

IS MANUFACTURED AT M. KELLY'S Southern Excelsior Coffee Mill, Raleigh, and is equal to the best coffee. It is made of coffee, rye and chickory, and is roasted in a cylinder by machinery, and therefore is better parched than can be done by hand. Chickory is not so well known in Dixie land, but in Europe they use it to give a superior flavor to the coffee. In Germany they call it *sagorah*, and here we call it *dandalion*. In England it is so highly appreciated that they lay a duty of two pounds ten shillings sterling per hundred weight to protect the growers of it. We annex Professor Emmons' certificate to show that there is no humbug, but it is what it is represented to be:

To MR. KELLY, *Sir:* I have tested and used the two samples of manufactured coffee—the labelled *Java* and *Laguira*. The first equals the Rio coffee of the shops, and seems to be equally good with that kind. * * * I am satisfied that they contain nothing which is injurious to the system, and may be economically and safely used as substitutes for coffee.

E. EMMONS.

This coffee is put up in pound papers, and packed in boxes containing thirty-six pounds, unless otherwise ordered.

All orders promptly attended to by addressing M. KELLY,
jan 18 '62-1m* Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

All claims against the Saddlery and Harness establishment of the subscriber will be settled by Mr. R. Shaw; and all indebted to the same will please make payment to him, as it is necessary to close up the outstanding business.

nov. 27, '61-d12* M. M. PRITCHARD.

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER
AND
Plated Ware.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

J. S. PHILLIPS,
Merchant Tailor.

HAVING located in Charlott respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.
sept. 19-tf

WILLIAMS & OATES,
TRADE STREET,
Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers,
Agents for Kettlewell's Manipulated Guano and Loric's Lumber.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
may 17-tf

John T. Butler,

Practical Watch and Clock Maker, Jeweller &c., Maine street, Charlotte, N. C., opposite Kerr's Hotel,—dealer in fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Watch Materials, &c.

ALL work done in the establishment warrented for

TWELVE MONTHS.

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of every description repaired and warranted for twelve months.
Jan. 11, 1861—1y.c

THOMAS W. RADCLIFFE,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE DRUM,
RICHARDSON STREET,
THE NORTH-EAST CORNER OF RICHARDSON AND PLAIN STREETS,
NO. 166,
COLUMBIA, S. C.
Importer and Dealer in Fine
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE,
GUNS, MILITARY & FANCY GOODS.

☞ WATCHES and JEWELRY repaired by skillful and experienced Workmen. All kinds of HAIR-WORK made to order.
oct. 27, 1860-tf.

Certain Cure for Flux

Certain Cure for Flux!
Certain Cure for Flux!
Certain Cure for Flux!
Certain Cure for Flux!
KOOPMANN'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE!
KOOPMANN'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE!
KOOPMANN'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE!
KOOPMANN'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE!
Will cure the most obstinate
Will cure the most obstinate
Will cure the most obstinate
Will cure the most obstinate
Cases of Diarrhœa and Flux
Cases of Diarrhœa and Flux
Cases of Diarrhœa and Flux
Cases of Diarrhœa and Flux
If taken in time.
If taken in time.
If taken in time.
If taken in time.

For sale at KOOPMANN & PHELPS' and at the Drug Stores, Charlotte.
may 9-c

Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.

TRANSPORTATION OFFICE, W. D.

ON and after Monday the 15th instant the Passenger and Mail Train will be run on this Road daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
7.00 A. M.	Charlotte	
7.45	Tuskaseege	7.43
8.15	Brevard	8.10
8.40	Sharon	8.37
	Lincolnton	9.00

GOING EAST.

LEAVE		ARRIVE.
11.00 A. M.	Lincolnton	
11.22	Sharon	[illegible]
11.50	Brevard	11.45
12.17	Tuskaseege	12.15 P. M.
	Charlotte	1.00

By Order,
V. A. McBEE,
Acting Master of Transportation.
Lincolnton, April 6th, 1861.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

H. T. Clark, of Edgecombe, Governor, salary per annum, $3,000, and the use of a furnished house. Term expires January 1, 1861.

G. A. Daves, of Craven, Secretary to the Governor, salary $800, exclusive of fees.

Rufus H. Page, of Wake, Secretary of State, salary $800, exclusive of fees.

Daniel W. Courts, of Rockingham, Treasurer, salary $2,000.

Curtis H. Brogden, of Wayne, Comptroller, salary $1,000.

The General Assembly commences its session on the third Monday of November every alternate year. The next election for members of the Senate and House of Commons, and for Governor, will be held on the first Thursday of August, 1860.

Literary Board.—The Board of Literature of North Carolina is composed as follows: His Excellency, John W. Ellis, President, *ex officio*; G. A. Daves, Secretary.

Internal Improvement Board—The Internal Improvement Board is composed as follows: His Excellency, John W. Ellis, President, *ex officio*; G. A. Daves, Secretary.

State Librarian—Oliver H. Perry, of Raleigh.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF N. CAROLINA,
MEMBERS ELECT TO THE LEGISLATURE OF 1860-1.
(O for Opposition—D. for Democrat.)
Senate.

DIST.
1. Pasquotank and Perquimans, S S Whedbee, O.
2. Camden and Currituck, B F Simmons, D.
3. Gates and Chowan, Mills H Eure, O.
4. Hyde and Tyrrell, Jones Spencer, O.
5. Northampton, J M S Rogers, D.
6. Hertford, Joseph B Slaughter, O.
7. Bertie, David Outlaw, O.
8. Martin and Washington, J R Stubbs, O.
9. Halifax, M C Whitaker, D.
10. Edgecombe, H T Clark, D.
11. Pitt, E J Blount, O.
12. Beaufort, Frederick Grist, O.
13. Craven, N H Street, D.
14. Carteret and Jones, M L F Arndiel, O.
15. Greene and Lenoir, James P Speight, D.
16. New Hanover, Eli W Hall, D.
17. Duplin, James Dickinson, D.
18. Onslow, L. W. Humphrey, D.
19. Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus, John D Taylor, D.
20. Cumberland and Harnett, Duncan Shaw, D.
21. Sampson, Thos. I Faison, D.
22. Wayne, W. K. Lane, D.
23. Johnston, J W B Watson, D.
24. Wake, M A Bledsoe, D.
25. Nash, A J Taylor, D.
26. Franklin, Washington Harris, D.
27. Warren, T J Pitchford, D.
28. Granville, C H K Taylor, D.
29. Person, C S Winstead, D.
30. Orange, Josiah Turner, jr. O.
31. Alamance and Randolph, J Worth, O.
32. Chatham, W G Harris, D.
33. Moore and Montgomery, C W Dowd, O.
34. Richmond and Robeson, Alfred Dockery, O.
35. Anson and Union, S H Walkup, O.
36. Guilford, John M Morehead, O.
37. Caswell, Bedford Brown, D.
38. Rockingham, F L Simpson, D.
39. Mecklenburg, John Walker, D.
40. Cabarrus and Stanly, V C Barringer, O.
41. Rowan and Davie, J G Ramsay, O.
42. Davidson, John W Thomas, O.
43. Stokes and Forsyth, Jesse A Waugh, D.
44. Ashe, Surry, Watauga and Yadkin, Joseph Dobson, D.
45. Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander, L Q Sharps, O.
46. Burke, McDowell & Caldwell, W W Avery, D.
47. Lincoln, Gaston and Catawba, Jasper Stowe, D.
48. Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland, A W Burton, D.
49. Buncombe, Henderson, Madison and Yancey Marcus Erwin, D.
50. Haywood, Macon, Cherokee and Jackson, Wm. H. Thomas D.

Democrats, 31; Opposition, 19. Democratic majority 12. At last Session—Democrats 32; Opposition gain just *one*.

The Edgecombe Farm Journal.

THE subscriber will commence on or about the 1st of September, 1860, the publication of a monthly journal in Tarboro', to be devoted to the planting and rural interests of North Carolina in particular, and of the South generally.

Edgecombe having long since been acknowledged as the model farming county of North Carolina, we feel that there is no locality better suited, and none more justly entitled, to the source of publication of a first class agricultural paper than Tarboro'. It is to be called

"The Edgecombe Farm Journal,"

And will contain original and selected articles upon Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Household Arts, Rural Architecture, Zoology, &c., &c.

It will be published with new type and clear white paper, in a neat quarto form.

The price of subscription has been made so low as to place the publication within reach of every one.

TERMS:

One copy one year..............................$0 50
Seven copies one year.......................[illegible]
Twelve copies one year......................[illegible]
Twenty-five copies one year...............[illegible]

☞ No paper sent unless paid for in advance.

WILLIAM B. SMITH,
Editor and Proprietor, Tarboro', N. C.
july 30-tf

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER,
DEVOTED TO
POLITICS, AGRICULTURE, MISCELLANY, GENERAL NEWS.
PUBLISHED BY
DENNIS HEARTT.
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

WITH the present volume the RECORDER commenced the fortieth year of its existence, the first number having been issued the 10th of February, 1820; during all which time we have labored to make our paper interesting and useful, and we hope that in these particulars we have not been altogether unsuccessful. It has been our wish to make the RECORDER a good Family Paper, devoted to Politics, Agriculture, Miscellany, General News, &c., with a view to the entertainment and improvement of the farmers and citizens of the circle in which it is distributed. Our Agricultural department we endeavor to fill with the best selections we can make from all sources, giving preference to such as will be of practical use to the farmer and cultivator; and in this particular we hope to make the RECORDER as valuable to the agriculturist as any periodical of a purely agricultural character. In our Miscellaneous department, we shall contiue to be, as we have always been, careful to select such articles as will have a tendency not only to amuse, but to improve the mind and heart. While we shall be thankful to receive well-written articles to adorn our columns, we are not so ambitious of originality as not to prefer selected matter of superior merit, to loosely-written and ill-digested articles, though ornamented at the top with the coveted words—"Written expressly for the RECORDER." In our News department we shall take especial pains to present to our readers the latest intelligence; and to enable us to do so we have facilities equal to those enjoyed in any portion of the State, except those favored with telegraphic communication.

A single copy, one year,....................$2.00
Six copies, one year..........................10.00
Ten copies, one year..........................15.00

Payment always in advance.

Any of our old subscribers who will obtain five subscribers and send us the cash, shall receive their own paper free of charge.

July 13.

THE BULLETIN
AND
THE CATAWBA JOURNAL.

WE are pleased to advertise the friends and patrons of this establishment that we commence the publication of the second volume of the first named journal, this day, under the most favorable auspices.

The circulation of the above named paper is rapidly increasing, and its influence as an advertising medium is being felt and appreciated by its patrons, having access to almost every neighborhood in this and adjoining Counties, as well as the adjoining Districts in South Carolina.

THE CATAWBA JOURNAL,

One of the largest papers now published in the State, mailed for $1.00 per annum, made up from the columns of the DAILY BULLETIN, has not only become a popular paper, but it affords great advantages to those who wish to use its columns as an advertising medium.

Specimen copies will be sent to any section they may be ordered, free of postage.

For terms, &c., we refer the reader to our imprint.

E. H. BRITTON

nov.17-tf

Take Notice.

FROM THIS DATE, our Books are positively *closed to all*. Cash will, in every instance, be required, without distinction of persons.

We are compelled to buy for Cash ourselves and must therefore have money.

DO NOT ASK FOR CREDIT.

Sept. 30 [illegible] ELIAS & COHEN.

MARTIN, TANNAHILL & Co.,
(Successors to P. M. MARTIN, SON & Co.)
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
PETERSBURG, VA.
WALTER K. MARTIN & Co
(Successors to N. M. MARTIN, SON & Co.)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Richmond, Va.

N. A. MARTIN, formerly of Granville Co., N. C.
R. TANNAHILL, formerly of Edgecombe Co., N. C.
WALTER K. MARTIN, of Richmond, Va.
N. M. MARTIN, of Richmond, Va.
R. H. CUNNINGHAM Jr., of Richmond, Va.

BOTH concerns will give faithful personal attention to the sales of COTTON, WHEAT, TOBACCO and CORN. Neither concern will buy any of the above named articles, either on Commission, Speculation or otherwise, as their business is positively confined to SELLING exclusively. Refer to

C. F. FISHER, Esq., President N. C. Rail Road.
Dr. W. J. HAWKINS, Pres't R. & Gaston Rail Road.
R. R. BRIDGERS, Esq., Pres't Bank at Tarboro, N. C.
Hon. W. N. EDWARDS, Warren County, N. C.
JAMES M. BULLOCK, Esq., Granville County, N. C.
C. F. [illegible], Cashier Exchange Bank, Petersburg
KEMP P. BATTLE, Esq., Raleigh, N. C.

☞ We respectfully call the attention of Cotton Planters and others to Petersburg as being one of the best Cotton Markets in the South, having both a good home and foreign demand, and we are pleased to hear that efforts are now being made to get the freight through from Charlotte to Petersburg reduced to about $3 a bale.

mch 1, 1861-3m.

J. N. ROBSON,
(LATE RHETT & ROBSON,)
Commission Merchant,
No. 62 EAST BAY,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
—:o:—

Particular attention given to the sale of WHEAT, FLOUR, CORN, &C.

And from my long experience in the business, I feel confident of giving satisfaction.

—:o:—

REFERENCES.

C. M. Furman, Esq., Pres. Bank of S. C., W. B. Smith, Esq., President Union Bank., O. Ewing Esq., Nashville, Tenn., Hon. John P. King, Augusta, Ga., Hon. M. A. Cooper, Etowa, Ga.

May 10, 1861-6m

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
STATE JOURNAL.

HAVING become the proprietor of the *Democratic Press*. I have merged that paper into the STATE JOURNAL, which will be published Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

The STATE JOURNAL will advocate Democratic principles in the broadest sense, and will support and defend Democratic measures and their advocates as they are presented, and as occasion may require. In other essentials it will be my aim to make the paper, what its name denotes, a State Journal—eschewing all sectional considerations and working for the entire State and her common interests.

As soon as arrangements can be made, the whole paper shall be re-modeled and printed with new type, on good paper, and in a superior manner.

The Editorial department will be properly attended to in its various branches, and will speak for itself. Neither labor nor expense will be spared in the management of the paper.

The *terms* of the State Journal will be as follows:

Semi-Weekly, per annum..........................$400
Weekly..200

These terms will be insisted upon *invariably in advance*. No name will be put upon the list without the money, and all papers will be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid, unless the subscription be renewed. I am satisfied, from years of experience, that upon no other footing can any newspaper hope to succeed.

Advertisements of a proper character will be inserted at the following rates:

One square, first insertion.....................$100
Each subsequent insertion.......................25 cents.

A liberal deduction on these rates for yearly advertisers in the Semi-Weekly. In the Weekly edition the full rates will be charged.

JOHN SPELMAN,
Nov. 27, 1860. *Editor and Proprietor*

THE SOUTHERN GUARDIAN
IS PUBLISHED AT
COLUMBIA, SO. CA.
BY CHARLES P. PELHAM.
TERMS:

Daily...........................$6 00 per annum
Tri-Weekly......................4 00 " "
Weekly..........................2 00 " "

☞ Payment in advance invariably. Postmasters sending us five daily subscribers, with $30 00, or five tri-weekly subscribers, with $20 00, (enclosed in registered letters,) will be entitled to an extra copy, or in lieu of that 20 per cent. of the sums thus remitted, provided the order is for as many as five copies. Ten per cent. will be allowed for amounts remitted for single subscriptions.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted at the following rates in the Daily and Tri-Weekly:

One square (10 lines or less) one insertion...50 cts
Each subsequent insertion......................35 cts

When an advertisement is inserted in the Weekly, or but once a week in the Daily, 50 cents a square for each insertion.

We offer to advertisers the inducement of sending their favors to be read by a numerous and influential class of readers, both in town and country. The Southern Guardian presents great advantages as an advertising medium; its circulation is large, and is daily and rapidly extending,—particularly in the middle and upper districts of the State.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job Office is thoroughly appointed in all respects, and fitted for every description of Job Work. In connection with it is a Bindery.

The Southern Guardian is devoted to the maintenance of the rights, honor and interests of the South under the Constitution. While it is willing to sustain the Democratic party whenever its course shall command approval by its justice, it yet more confidently and distinctly relies upon the *people* of the South; and as the best preparation for the contest which is even now upon us, it will zealously labor to effect union and co-operation amongst *ourselves*.

In the management of this journal, the early production of every class of news from all parts of the world, the lessons of virtue and morality, the interests of education, agriculture, commerce, and manufactures,—will be kept prominently in view, and no effort will be spared to make it, in all respects, an acceptable fire-side visitor.

☞ We send our Daily to nearly all the Weekly newspapers of the State. Will they, in consideration of this advantage, kindly give the above prospectus a few insertions. June 7.

A NORTH CAROLINA PAPER
THE TIMES;
A large Eight-Page Weekly, published in Greensboro,
$2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months.

THE TIMES contains weekly forty columns of choice matter, specially adapted to the family circle. It is neither sectarian nor political, but by being courteous to all sects and parties, it is the constant aim of the publishers to present in its columns whatever may elevate the people and enrich the State. The publishers would earnestly appeal to the families of North Carolina to give THE TIMES a trial; try it for six months, to see if it be not as well to patronize home papers as those from abroad; to build up home interests and a State pride, and to scatter our substance abroad our energies among strangers. Give THE TIMES a trial and then let it stand upon its merits.

WHAT IS SAID OF THE TIMES.

"The Times I regard as the very first of our Southern Literary Weeklies."—Rev. C. F. Deems.

"I know of no Weekly published anywhere, that is so deserving of public patronage as the Times."—Rev. J. E. Edwards.

"There is no pandering to a vitiated taste—every article is of a moral tendency, and calculated both to amuse and instruct."—Wilmington Herald

"One of the handsomest weekly papers published in the Union."—Spirit of the Age.

"Let the people of North Carolina encourage their own newspapers."—Raleigh Standard.

Address, COLE & ALBRIGHT,
Greensboro, N. C.

1862 NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY!—THE BEST TALENT OF THE SOUTH IS WRITING FOR IT.

The Southern Field and Fireside,

Published every Saturday, at Augusta, Ga.—acknowledged to be "*the best Family Paper in the South*"—contains in each issue, eight pages (forty columns) of

Choice Reading Matter,

devoted to the instruction and amusement of the [illegible] LITERATURE, AGRICULTURE, [illegible] ART. ☞ [illegible] with an [illegible]

Address JAMES GARDNER, Augusta, Ga.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 time		$ .50
1 do	2 times		.75
1 do	3 do		1.00
1 do	[illegible] do		1.75
1 do	[illegible]		2.75
1 do	1 month		4.00
1 do	2 [illegible]		7.50
1 do	3 do		10.00
1 do	6 do		16.00
1 do	1 year		30.00

☞ Advertisements published until forbid, will be charged 50 cents per square of 12 lines for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuance if not contracted for.

☞ A liberal discount made on the above rates to persons advertising by contract.

HORSE AND BUGGY FOR SALE.

One fine GENTLE HORSE and TOP BUGGY for sale.

Apply to T. J. BURROWS.
Feb. 22, 1862—tf

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.
THE
CATAWBA JOURNAL,
AND
THE DAILY BULLETIN,
PUBLISHED BY
E. H. BRITTON,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THESE Papers (embracing the TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN,) established in the town of Charlotte, N. C., afford unusual advantages to Advertisers both at home and abroad, as the editions, weekly, now exceed

SIX THOUSAND COPIES,

which we have no doubt are read by at least

TWENTY THOUSAND

persons each week, a large proportion of whom are Planters and their families.

As a means of Advertising we are confident that great advantages can be obtained through this establishment, hence we embrace this opportunity to inform our friends and the Mercantile communities on the Seaboard, (Charleston and Wilmington,) that our facilities for circulating their business Notices throughout Western North Carolina and the adjoining Districts in South Carolina are extensive and complete.

Our terms are liberal and a large deduction wil be made on the bills of Contract Advertisers.

Sept. 27, 1861.

PALMETTO
IRON WORKS,
COLUMBIA, S. C.
WILLIAM GLAZE, Proprietor.
GEORGE A. SHIELDS, Foreman.

MANUFACTURES STEAM ENGINES of any power desired, for Mills and Plantation purposes, at short notice, having at all times on hand some finished, or in a forward state. In connection with our Mill and Engine Work, we have secured the services of Mr. JOHN CRABTREE, who is one of the best Millwrights in the South, to superintend the putting up of Mills and Engines.

CORN MILLS.

I am agent for one of the best PORTIBLE MILLS now in use, and can furnish any size wanted. Persons wishing the Mills are invited to call at the Works, and witness the operation of the one now in use. The Mill-rack, which is the very best, is procured from Edgefield, S. C., and the Mills are built complete at our Establishment.

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS.

All descriptions of BRASS and IRON CASTINGS executed in the very best manner, and at short notice, as we cast every day in the week. Our stock of patterns is very large, having recently purchased all those formerly owned by G. W. Wright, which being added to those made at my Establishment for the past five years, makes the assortment more full than any other like establishment in the State.

Wire Railing.

I am agent for one of the largest Wire Railing Companies at the North, and will furnish WINDOW GUARDS, GALLERIES, VERANDAHS, BEDSTEADS, or any description of Wire Work, at the book prices of the manufacturer, which can be seen at my office.

IRON RAILING.

I would call attention to this branch of our business, having a great variety of patterns, for public and private grounds, cemeteries, &c., and will keep on hand; and cast any style wanted, at prices as low as the same can be bought at the North.

CIRCULAR SAWS.

I am agent for R. Hoe & Co's celebrated CIRCULAR SAWS, and also for a manufacturer of the same article in Richmond, Va. A full supply of these SAWS, of all sizes, always on hand. Persons wishing them, will do well to call on me, as I make no charge for fitting them to the mandrels.

OLD SAWS RE-TOOTHED.

I have a GUMMING MACHINE on hand, and am prepared to re-tooth old saws, making them as good as new.

dec 11, 1860-tf WILLIAM GLAZE.

Notice to Merchants.

FORWARDING OFFICE }
S. C. R. R. Co. }
CHARLESTON, March 16, 1861. }

THE South Carolina Railroad Company having determined to discontinue this department of the service, the undersigned, who has been the forwarding Agent of the Company for the last four or five years, has associated with him the Chief Clerk in the department, and, under the name of GANTT & STONY, will continue to RECEIVE and FORWARD such articles as may be consigned to his care. He trusts, by strict personal attention, to retain a very liberal share of the business of the department.

Parties are reminded that *all goods* now reaching this port from points beyond the Confederate States of America, must be entered at the Custom House, and that duties are payable on such as are not purchased on or before the 28th February last, *and laden on shipboard on or before the 15th March instant*, save such as are on the free list. It is therefore necessary that remittances be made to pay the duties where duties are payable, AND IN ALL CASES TO COVER THE EXPENSE OF CUSTOM HOUSE ENTRY, WHETHER THE GOODS ARE FREE OR NOT. Prompt compliance will prevent delay and expense, as all articles not entered and permitted will be stored by the Custom House officers. The South Carolina Railroad Company will advance, as heretofore, the charges of freight, drayage and warfage, *but not the expenses connected with the Custom House.*

Rates of charges for forwarding will be very moderate, and may be had on application to GANTT & STONY, to whom all business communications should be addressed.

The undersigned refers to the officers of the South Carolina Railroad Company, to the customers of the Forwarding Department, and to all merchants of standing in the city of Charleston, and respectfully solicits a liberal share of patronage.

JAMES L. GANTT.
Late Forwarding Agent S. C. R. R. Co.

Book and Job Printing
OF EVERY CLASS AND STYLE,
Neatly Executed at this office.

HAVING procured a large amount of excellent material, and added to this establishment suitable fast PRESSES, we take this opportunity to inform our friends and the public, that we are fully prepared to execute work of every class, in

PRINTING,

at short notice, and at prices far below those usually paid in this section of country. We are prepared to print in the latest and most approved style,

CARDS,
INVITATIONS,
NOTES,
LAW BLANKS,
PAMPHLETS,
BILL-HEADS,
CIRCULARS,
CHECKS,
SHOW-BILLS,
BOOKS,

and any other style of printing usually called for, for much less than the same class of work can be executed this side of New York.

E. H. BRITTON.

THE FARMER AND PLANTER
REMOVED TO
COLUMBIA, S. C.

HAVING purchased of Maj. Geo. Seaborn this popular journal, I have removed its place of publication to Columbia, and will hereafter issue it from this city at regular stated periods.

Feeling confident that such a journal is greatly needed in this State, and believing that it will be sustained, if located at the Capitol of the State and conducted with spirit and ability, I have determined on making the venture, and call upon every one interested in the Farmer and Planter in South Carolina to encourage the enterprise by their patronage.

It will be printed in the finest style of Typography, with new type, on fine paper, handsomely embellished, and eight pages added to its former size.

Price only One DOLLAR per annum, always in advance.

A corps of the best practical and scientific Agricultural writers have been secured, and its Editorial department will be under the care of one of the best Farmers in the land.

The Cash system will be rigidly adhered to, and no name will be entered on our books until the cash is paid.

Address R. M. STOKES.

THE BULLETIN:

BY E. H. BRITTON.

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum,) $2.00.

No More Recruits.

From the Milledgeville Union, 18th.

Since the requisition has been made on the Governor for twelve regiments to serve for *three years or during the war* a great many persons are making efforts to get to the coast as recruits to the State troops. Some of the State troops are in for a term which expires in two months, and it would be injustice to those who have to go for the war to let their neighbors avoid the draft should one be necessary, by joining a company for two months service. For the purpose of stopping this the Governor has directed Gen. Jackson to issue an order to the officers under his command to receive no more recruits, and all the Railroad Companies have been notified that the State will not pay for carrying such recruits to the coast. Persons attempting to avoid taking their part *for the war* by this shift will do well when they start to the coast to remember that they will not be received, and if absent from their regimental parade ground on the 4th day of March they will be the first persons drafted.

What the Yankees Expect to Gain by it.

The following, from the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, will show what importance the Yankees attach to the capture of Fort Henry:

I. In general terms, it takes both Bowling Green and Columbus in flank and rear, and will relieve Buell from the necessity of running upon the entrenchments of the former, while it places the latter between two fires. It also threatens Nashville by two attacks, Grant on the west end and Thomas on the east.

II. It cuts the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, and gains both banks of the Tennessee by possessing the bridge of that road. It menaces also the Mobile and Ohio Road; and the road from Nashville to the Ohio.

III. It proves the power of the gunboats, so much doubted and ridiculed by the rebels, and gives them a wonderful prestige and advantage in descending the Mississippi. Such forts as line its banks cannot withstand them; strong, covered and floating as they are, they offer but a small mark for a stationary battery, and resist most of the balls. Wherever steam can penetrate, let the rebels well suffer from the gunboats—they are a "power."

IV. The recent successes in that region have not only transferred our interest to the new currents there, but must be effectual in withdrawing the rebels, in part, at least, from the Potomac and the seige of Washington. Nothing could be of greater value than a transfer of the theatre of war; nothing would so depress the rebels, or give more appearance as well as reality of advancement that this is the partial development of McClellan's great plan.

V. The capture of Fort Henry is a new and shining demonstration of the firmness, valor and efficiency of the navy. We have additional proof that if a maritime war should come upon us, our naval officers would successfully contest the supremacy of the sea. Stringham at Hatterass, Dupont at Port Royal, and Foote, up the Tennessee, have supported the reputation and elevated the already high tone of the navy in a manner which calls forth the praise and thanks of every American.

VI. It may be stated in conclusion, that as to the capture of this fort, General Tilghman is a fair reprensentative of rebel opinion, when he asserts it to be one of the most damaging blows of the war. Its positive value is no greater than its negative importance: it has injured, depressed and damaged the rebel cause, and thus has enhanced the advantages, elation, and good to our own.

THE FEDERAL COMMANDERS ON THE RIVER.—Capt. Foote is a native of Connecticut, of which State he is a citizen and from which he was appointed to the United States. He is a son of Senator Foote, of Connecticut, to whom Daniel Webster replied in the Senate, with one of his famous speeches. He entered the United States service on the 4th December, 1822, and has consequently served the country nearly forty years. He steadily rose in his profession and was made a commander on the 19th of December, 1852, under which commission he saw about two years and three months sea service. His total sea service was nearly twenty years and a half, and he performed nearly eight years shore duty. He was unemployed for over ten years, and was last at sea in June, 1858. At the breaking out of the present troubles he was in command of the NavyYard at Brooklyn, and shortly after the commencement of hostilities he was promoted to a captaincy, with the charge of the Western or Mississippi flotilla, of which he is commander or flag officer.

Commander Wm. D. Porter is a son of the noted Commodore David Porter, of the Essex, of Revoluntory fame, and has been in the service of the United States nearly fifty years. He was born in Louisiana, but was appointed to the navy from the State of Massachusetts. He is a citizen of the District of Columbia. He entered the navy on the 1st of January, 1823, and although not rising very rapidly in rank, the fault arose more from the system with which the service is conducted than from any personal demerit of that officer. His present commander dates from September 14, 1855, on which day a large number of officers of the same rank were created. In the list of 1861, Commander Porter stands No. 28 to date of commission and promotion.—*Memphis Appeal.*

FRESHET IN THE CHATTAHOOCHEE.—It has rained hard and almost incessantly for several days and nights past, and the "oldest inhabitants" says the river is higher than it has been since the great "Harrison Freshet" of 1841. The water is making encroachments on both sides of the river, and the banks are caving in. The upper and lower bridges, as well as the Opelika Railroad bridge, are considered to be seriously endangered, the water having risen above the stone work of piers of the two first. It is stated that the lower bridge was washed away twenty-one years ago, last night. It continues to rain, and from present indications, there is no prospect of its ceasing soon.

CHARLOTTE.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1862.

$130 Bounty Money.

We are authorized by four Ladies to offer a bounty of thirty dollars, in addition to the bounty given by the Confederacy and State, to raise a Company of 64 men who will enlist for the war. For particulars, we refer to DR. W. J. HAYES.

Invasion of East Tennessee.

The telegraph reports that the Federal General Thomas is about to invade East Tennessee. We learn through a Cincinnati paper, that Thomas' Division, near Somerset, Kentucky, has been reinforced by nine regiments, thereby increasing it to twenty thousand men.

More Troops.

The Governor of Arkansas has issued a proclamation calling for eight thousand and five hundred men, to fill the ranks of the ten Regiments called for by General Van Dorn—eight for his own command, and two for the command of Gen. Pike.

Quite a Difference.

We find the following in a recent issue of the Vicksburg *Daily Whig*:

We yesterday received a shipment of twenty bundles of printing paper, for which we paid four hundred and forty dollars.—Eighteen months since the same amount of paper of a better quality would have cost two hundred dollars. Our subscribers can judge from this whether we can send papers without pay in advance.

The North Alabamian, published at Tuscumbia, thinks that the visit of the gunboats has been a blessing to that section. It has shown the people how helpless they were to defend themselves against even a small force, while too many men have gone on blindly depending on Jeff. Davis, or some other man, to defend them, instead of trying to do something for themselves. It says that five hundred Yankees, at the time the recent foray was made, could have "cleaned out the whole town," but now the country is aroused, and organizations perfected to such an extent as would make the experiment a dangerous one to the vandals.

The Northern Telegraph.

By the following letter from the Norfolk *Day Book*, it will be seen that W. H. Heiss, who was telegraph manager from Wilmington to Macon last winter, and who was then so devoted to our cause, is now chief of Lincoln's military telegraph:

FORTRESS MONROE, February 16.—The propeller Planet arrived here this afternoon from Baltimore, having on board the submarine cable to be laid across the bay from this point to Cape Charles. The line having been already completed from Wilmington, Delaware, to Cape Charles, and also from the headquarters of General Wool about a mile up the beach to the place selected for the crossing.

The line will be sunk in a few days, and as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made this Department will then be connected directly by telegraph with Washington and New York, and the Government and the public will become informed of the important news transmitted hence from twelve to twenty-four hours earlier than at present. The line will be under the management of Mr. Wm. H. Heiss, of the United States Military Telegraph, and will be of the greatest value to the Government."

The above named individual (Heiss,) notwithstanding he was extravagantly puffed when in South Carolina, and regarded by some of our Charleston and Columbia friends, no doubt, as a capital fellow, (for they lavished praise upon him,) has done just what ninety out of every hundred of that class would do if they were on the other side of the Potomac. They are as innocent as "sucking doves" when in the South and under existing circumstances, but let Abes army make its appearance and they would hunt down and crush every rebel, if they could.—ED. BULLETIN.

We learn (says the Wilmington *Journal*) that Captain Godwin, of Robeson county, in this State, the commander of one of the companies in the 31st regiment, (Colonel Jordan's,) states that his company was stationed during the fight at Roanoke, on what was known as the Floating Battery, near to the main land of Tyrrell county in Croatan Sound. He made his escape with 86 out of 101 men, of which his company consisted. He also adds, as we learn, that about two hundred men of the 31st were on furlough, all of two hundred escaped, thus making four hundred not taken. These four hundred, we believe, are to form a battalion for immediate service.

Captain Godwin naturally feels inclined to doubt the accuracy of the Northern statement that includes him in the list of prisoners.

Warlike Enterprise.

Napoleon remarked at St. Helena: "Generals are rarely found eager to give battle; they choose their positions, establish themselves, consider their combinations, but then commences their indecision; nothing is so difficult, and at the same time so important, as to know when to decide."

Wellington said: "The fault of most commanders, however brave is backwardness in taking the last step to bring on a battle, especially when armies are large; arising from deep moral anxieties, and, [illegible] the uncertainty of the issue."

Washington [illegible] a letter to Congress in 1780, expressly [illegible] security depending on want of enterprise [illegible] enemy," and says that "we have been indebted for our safety during a greater part of the war to their inactivity."

Important if True.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Confederation* contains a dispatch from the Memphis papers, dated the 21st, stating that Columbus had been evacuated by order of Gen. Beauregard, and that all the men, guns and stores had been removed to an island forty-five miles down the river, which is being rapidly fortified under the special inspection of Beauregard, who has the services of 1,000 negroes owned by the river planters.

From Nashville.

A private dispatch received here yesterday, says the Columbia *Guardian*, dated at Mobile, 22d, announces that up to Saturday Nashville was not taken, but that a fight was expected there to-day.

From the Coast.

We learn the Yankee fleets at Hilton Head and near Savannah have disappeared.

A private letter from Charleston last evening, (says the *Southern Guardian*,) reports that heavy firing was heard on Saturday evening, supposed to be in the vicinity of White Point.

GREAT LOSS OF THE ENEMY.—We learn by a passenger who arrived yesterday, that news had been received at headquarters in Columbus that three transports, with 800 Federal troops wounded in the first engagement at Fort Donelson, had arrived at Paducah from the Cumberland river, and had been placed in the Federal hospital.

This, in addition to the five hundred reported killed in the same fight, shows that the enemy's loss was a serious one.
[*Memphis Appeal.*

The Governor of Texas has issued a proclamation prohibiting the transportation to or storing cotton at such points as are accessible to the enemy from the Gulf. He says:

There shall be no cotton taken to or stored on the Trinity river below Smithfield; on the Sabine river below Salem; on the Neuces below Hunt's Landing; on the Brazos at or below Richmond; at or near the mouths of the rivers Caney and Bernard. Nor shall there be any taken to Lavaca, Powderhorn, Indianola, Matagorda, or Galveston bays, or city of Houston.

CHARLOTTE MARKETS.

For the week ending February 22, 1862.

COTTON,	6½ to 8½
BACON,	18 to 20
WHEAT,	$1.25 to $1.50
FLOUR,	3.75 to 4.00
CORN,	90 95c.
OATS,	60c.
PEAS,	75c.
PORK,	10½ to 12c.
RYE,	1.50.

ATTENTION! BEAT NO. 1.

All persons liable to Militia duty in this Beat, embracing Wards No. 2 and 3, are hereby ordered to appear at the Court House on Saturday, March 1st, at 2 o'clock, armed and equipped as the law directs for inspection and drill. Returned Volunteers are required to perform this duty; those residing in Beat No. 1, will appear as above. Persons engaged in the service of the State, by reason of contract, and their employees, are subject to drill once in every three months and will report for duty as above.

By order of
Capt. J. H. STEVENS.
J. H. WILSON, Jr., O. S.
Feb. 25, 1862—5t

VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The Rev. J. C. RUSSELL and C. B. BOYCE proposes to organize a Company to serve under the Confederate Flag in defence of our homes, Institutions and rights.

Those who desire to enlist will apply forthwith to the undersigned.

J. C. RUSSELL.
C. B. BOYCE.
Feb. 25, 1862—3t*

THE NECESSITY IS PLAIN TO ALL.

I WANT recruits enough to make my ARTILLERY COMPANY up to the maximum number, all that want to go into service immediately, will hand me their names. All the bounty that is allowed by the State and Confederacy will be paid.

I understand that a great many object to going into the service for the reason that they cannot get arms. I will guarantee arms of the best kind for one hundred and fifty additional men who will go into the Artillery. Now is the time.

T. H. BREM, Capt.
Com'd. Co. C. 10th Reg't, N. C. S. T.
Feb 20 '62—btf

RAGS! RAGS!

CASH paid for RAGS at the Envelope Manufactory opposite the Post Office.

J. H. STEVENS & CO.
Feb 12—btf

NORTH CAROLINA POWDER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th installments of five per cent. on the share of Stock in the North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company, is due and payable on Wednesday, the 5th of March next, at the Branch Bank of North Carolina.

S. W. DAVIS, President.
Charlotte, Feb. 22, 1862—5t.

A REGIMENT FOR THE CONFEDERATE STATES SERVICE.

The undersigned, having been authorized to raise a Regiment for the Confederate States army, takes this method of informing persons who are now engaged in raising companies, that this is the first opportunity offered for joining a Regiment to go directly into the Confederate service.

Rank of officers and pay to officers and soldiers will begin with their enrollment.

A bounty of FIFTY DOLLARS and the bounty from the State, will be paid at the time of organization.

Arms and full equipments of the best class will be furnished to the companies.

Terms of service

THREE YEARS OR THE WAR.

For further particulars, address the subscriber immediately.

M. D. CRATON,
Lt. Col. 35th Regt. N. C. Troops.
Newbern, N. C., Feb. 18, '62.
Feb. 24. 1m

ATTENTION VOLUNTEERS.

I have on hand a lot of OIL CLOTH COATS; also, Oil Cloth by the yard, which I will sell at reasonable prices. Call at the store of Messrs. HILKER & KUCKS, next door to ELIAS & COHENS Grocery Store.

F. W. AHRENS.
Feb 13, 1862—d1m[illegible]

$100.00 BOUNTY. VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

Having received authority from the Governor of North Carolina to enlist men for the war, all those desirous of entering the service would do well to call upon me at my office and sign the roll. During my absence from town, A. C. WILLIAMSON, Esq., will act for me. A bounty of $100.00 will be paid to each man when the Company is completed and enters a Regiment.

J. A. FOX.
feb. 13, 1862—dtf

$100.00 BOUNTY. "MECKLENBURG HORNETS"

I propose to re-organize this time-honored Company, and wish to do so as soon as possible, in order to get into the Old Bethel Regiment now in the process of re-organization at Raleigh; this Regiment will receive the "Bethel Flag." All who join me will receive the above bounty when mustered into service.

Apply to, JNO. Y. BRYCE.
Feb 20 '62—d6

For the War.

I am authorized to receive and muster into Service a Battalion of Infantry,

FOR DUTY IN THE FIELD.

Officers who are raising Companies are invited to communicate with me here. I am prepared to receive men singly or by squads, or Companies. Subsistence, clothing and comfortable quarters will be furnished and bounty money paid at the time of joining. Officers raising companies for this Battalion will save themselves much expense by sending their men here as fast as they are enrolled. They will not be required to perform guard duty at this post but will be drilled daily. At least five Companies are wanted.

GEO. C. GIBBS,
Major, C. S. A.
Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 20, 1862—10t

ASTRAY HORSE.

A small IRON-GRAY HORSE has been taken up and left at our Stables. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay expenses and take him away.

BROWN & WADSWORTH.
feb 17, 1862—d2

CONFEDERATE UNIFORMS.

Just received a superior quality of Gold Lace for ornamenting sleeves and Confederate caps. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Feb. 15, 1862—tf

SWORD, SASH AND BELT.

A handsome Silver Case Sword, for Captain or Commissioned Officers, with a red Silk Sash and Belt. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Feb. 15, 1862—tf

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

Just received a lot of Bagging.
For sale low at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Feb. 15, 1862—tf

ROPE FOR SALE.

A large quantity of the best quality ROPE from one and a half to four inches in diameter.

The ROPE has been used some but it is in good condition.

For particulars apply at Bulletin office, or to RICHARD ALLEN.
Feb. 10-2t.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to us by book account will please call and settle the same, as our books must be closed. One of us may always be found at the office of Dr. G. W. Caldwell.

P. C. & J. W. CALDWELL.
Feb 7-tf

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

We have a steam SAW MILL of four horse power in good order and nearly new, with all the fixtures for two circular saws, which we will sell low with or without the building.

J. MYERS & SON,
feb. 6'62—1m* Washington, N. C.

HARNESS AND SHOEMAKERS

Cand find work at good prices by calling on M. B. TAYLOR.
feb 6'62-6t.

JUST RECEIVED.

A supply of extra fine MERINO UNDER-SHIRTS have just been received and for sale by J. S. PHILLIPS
dec 12,'61-dtf.

Stop the Thief.

TAKEN from my Livery Stable in Raleigh, a red roan Horse, and buggy. Said horse has the "scratches" in the left hind foot, very bad, so much so that he is lamed; and he is spavined in one of his hind legs, but which is not recollected.—The man is a small, thick-set man, with fair skin and black hair, rather long. He had a black suit of clothes, well worn, and looked as if he had been a fireman or engineer on the Railroad, as his clothes were slick and greasy. I will give fifty dollars reward for the information enabling me to recover my horse and buggy.

JAS. M. HARRIS.
Feb 5—'62 1m

J. Y. BRYCE & CO,

DEALERS IN
Cotton and All Kinds of Produce,
TRADE STREET,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

All orders attended to with dispatch.
april 6-tf

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Canton Teas, Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell hereafter for cash. [May 4, 1861-tf

Removal.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No 4 *GRANITE ROW*, where he is prepared with a full stock of

GOODS FOR MENS WEAR,

To supply all who may favor him with a call.

Having secured the services of one of the best Cutters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastidious.

Oct. 9-tf J. S. PHILLIPS.

Take Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber

IN ANY WAY
WILL PLEASE
COME FORWARD
and pay up
IMMEDIATELY!

as longer indulgence cannot be given.
J. S. PHILLIPS.

I would also notify those in want of goods that from and after this date all goods will be sold low down for cash or its equivalent.

Jan. 10—tf.

Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.

THE charges on this Road must be prepaid on all Freights going to Stations on this Road where there are no Agents. All such freights will be delivered at said Stations at the owners risk.

A. H. MARTIN,
Freight Agent,
January 23, 1862—tf Charlotte.

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!

MR. EDITOR:—In the face of the troubles that environ our beloved State—now that the enemy has invaded our borders, I wish to raise a company of gentlemen of *grit*, for the War. Who among the many that are fattening on the misfortunes that surround us, will come forward to join? Skulks and land pirates I don't expect to Volunteer—(they will be settled with hereafter,) but the true patriot, whether he is high or low, rich or poor, will cheerfully respond, now that *a necessity* appeals, I have no doubt.

I don't want to be Captain, or hold any office in said Company, but I want you fellow citizens, to come forward and wipe out the taunt that, North Carolina is a "strip of land between two States." I am ready, and can be found at the store of Mr. Moody *opposite the Court House* from day to day until the Company is raised.

H. M. PRITCHARD.
Feb 12

HILLSBORO Military Academy.

THIS INSTITUTION will be re-opened under efficient management on WEDNESDAY, March 5th. The services of officers having been permanently secured, no further interruption of duties need be apprehended.

For circulars stating new terms &c., address "Superintendent H. M. A." Hillsboro, N. C.

Feb 1—1aw6w

INK MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber has commenced the manufacture of a beautiful

BLACK WRITING INK.

It is made from an English recipe, and is remarkable for its brilliancy of color and freedom from all sediments or drugs.

Orders from dealers will be filled with promptness, and at as moderate prices as they have been purchasing for from Northern manufacturers.

Orders solicited, and samples sent wherever requested. Address W. B. JOHNSTON,
aug 20-tf Columbia, S. C.

Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

dec 26-tf JOHN M. HOWIE.

VALUABLE MACHINERY AT AUCTION.

SALISBURY, N. C.,
January, 29, '62.

ON Thursday February 28th 1862, I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

to the highest bidder for for CASH, at the Confederate States Military Prisons in Salisbury, a large lot of

Valuable Machinery,

formerly used in the "Rowan Cotton Factory," consisting of

Looms, Shaftings, Pulleys,
Rollars, Cylinders, Shaft-hangers,
Cog-wheels, Shuttles, Bobbins,
Cast-iron Pipes, Old Iron, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

HENRY McCOY,
Capt. and A. Q. M., C. S. Army.
Feb 1—1a w-4w.

MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS. HENRY ALEXANDER.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THE undersigned beg to inform the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity, and the public generally, that they have

COMMENCED BUSINESS
at the above
ELTABLISHMENT
FOOT OF
Trade Street,

Adjoining the North Carolina Rail Road, and opposite JOHN WILKES' Steam Flour Mills.

They are now prepared to furnish all kinds of

Machinery,
At short notice, and on *reasonable terms.*
STEAM ENGINES
FROM 8 to 80 HORSE POWER,
Horse-Shoeing
AND
BLACKSMITH'S WORK
OF ALL KINDS.
REPAIRS

In their line promptly attended to. Their FOUNDRY is in full operation, and

Cast Regularly twice a Week,
Wednesdays and Saturdays.

They are prepared to furnish all kinds of

CASTINGS IN IRON, BRASS, &c.
ACCORDING TO ORDER.
SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,
GIN WHEELS,
SAW DUST BURNERS,
ANTI-FRICTION PLATES AND BALLS FOR COTTON PRESSES.
CAST IRON RAILING,
For Garden Enclosures,
Dwelling Houses,
Public Buildings,
Portiocs,
Cemetery Lots, &
Their
IMPLEMENTS

For carrying on the business in all its branches, have been SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE, and are provided with all the

IMPROVEMENTS
Required to do their work in a
FIRST RATE MANNER.

Agents, for Dr. E. C. Elmore, for Winter's Patent Mulay Saw Mill, which has the advantage, along with many others, of doing at least twice as much work, and doing it better, than any other Mill in use—it can be run by Steam, Water or Horse Power. The Mulay may be seen at the Shop at any time.

HENRY ALEXANDER.

N. B. Old Iron, Brass, Copper, &c., bought or taken in trade.

oct. 23, 1860-tf.

To the Public.

THE subscribers embrace this opportunity at the commencement of the New Year, to inform their friends that they have discontinued filling orders, unless accompanied with the Cash.

Those indebted are earnestly requested to close their accounts as soon as possible.

Jan 1-tf. KOOPMAN & PHELPS.

CHARLOTTE and SO. CA. R. R.

The Coupons due on the 1st of January next on the Bonds of this Company will be paid whenever presented at my office at the Depot.

dec 9 '61. A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name of ALEXANDER & McDOUGALL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Henry Alexander is alone authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

HENRY ALEXANDER.
MALCOLM McDOUGALL.
June 27, 1861—tf.

COFFEE, COFFEE.

750 Bags Choice Cuba Coffee, cargo of schr. ———, from

C	Nympha,	5 bags Coffee,
H	Eldorado,	50 " "
S	Hermitage,	11 " "
W	Valparaiso,	90 " "
F	Nympha,	20 " "
Nvo	Nympha,	2 " "
LB	Perla,	6 " "
LB	Pinal,	20 " "
LB	Cruz,	50 " "
	N,	35 " "
LB	Belia Vista,	20 " "
LB	Nva Nympha	30 " "
M1M	Caracolello,	61 " "
M2M	A.	50 " "
M3M	Proserpina,	20 " "
M4M	R,	40 " "
M5M	YY,	150 " "
F	Nympha,	30 " "

Just received and for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
January 25, 1862—tf

MILITARY BUTTONS, &c.

Received per Steamer Isabel, Gold Epaulets for Commissioned Officers, Military Buttons, Gold Lace, Pistols, &c.

Call soon at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25. 1862—tf

ENGLISH GOODS.

A splendid assortment of Prints, Striped Osnaburg, Plaid and Striped English Cotton Goods, per Steamer Bermuda.

For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25, 1862—tf

COTTON LACES, &c.

We are selling off our splendid stock of Needle Work, comprising Sleeves and Collars, French and English worked Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread, Linen and Cotton Laces, as usual, low prices.

Selling very fast at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25, 1662—tf

SCUPERNONG WINE.

Superior articles of Scupernong WINE, in bottles for family use. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jrn. 25, 1862—tf

ATTENTION BATTALION.

Just received a Patent Combination Stool and Cot for camp use. Also, an assortment of heavy Army Undershirts, Drawers, India Rubber Overcoats and Pants, Enameled Oil Cloth Coats. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
January 25, 1862—tf

Particular Attention!

AS there will be a change in our firm, our customers will do us a great favor by calling and settling their accounts and notes.

Our terms hereafter are strictly cash.

KAHNWEILER & BRO'S.
Aug. 11, 1861—tf

WOOD STIRRUPS.

Now on hand and for sale
100 PAIR OF WOOD STIRRUPS.
Apply to
feb 3, d3t—w3w. S. M. HOWELL.

A CARD.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to give private lessons, at the residences of the pupils, on the Piano, Guitar, Violin and Melodeon, and in drawing and the modern languages. Terms moderate.

R. F. HUNT.
Professor at the Charlotte Fem. Col.
jan'61—28-dtf

NOTICE.

OFFICE N. C. R. R. Co.,
Company Shops, Jan. 17, 1862.

All persons having notes or accounts against this Company are hereby requested to present them without delay at this Office for settlement. All running accounts must be sent in at the close of each year; in no case will such accounts be considered as entitled to interest.

JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., Sec'y.
Jan. 27, 1862—1m

To be Rented.

WILL be rented on the 3rd day of March next, at the residence of Th WILSON, deceased,

THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS with the improvements attached thereto, and the furniture of the house, &c. This well known property is two miles east of Shelby, Cleveland county, N. C.

TERMS will be made known on the day of renting.

N. B. At the same time and place will be sold,

CORN,
WHEAT,
OATS,
and FODDER.

C. O. WILSON,
S. A. WILSON, Ex'rs.
E. WILSON.
Feb 4—ejlm

BROOM CORN WANTED.

A large lot of BROOM CORN is wanted at the Broom Manufactory connected with the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, at Raleigh for which the highest market price will be paid.

Farmers in North Carolina are urged to raise a crop of BROOM CORN the present year. Any information as to the method of culture &c., will be given upon application to the undersigned.

WILLIE J. PALMER,
jan 31, d1w—w1m. *Principal.*

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF BURROWS & PASCHALL is this day dissolved by mutual consent. T. J. BURROWS is authorized to close up all outstanding accounts. Persons having claims against this firm will please present them as soon as possible for settlement, and those indebted will please come forward and settle.

T. J. BURROWS.
I. A. PASCHALL.
Charlotte, Jan. 12, 1862.
jan 14 '62—d tf

FOR RENT.

The Store House and Warehouses recently occupied by Messrs. Druker & Heilburn. Also the Residence over the Store.

Jan'y 13th. WM. JOHNSTON.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has purchased the entire stock of Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Silver and Plated Wares, Canes, Fancy Goods, &c., belonging to J. G. WILKINSON & Co., which is now offered to the public low for cash only.

Particular attention given to repairing Watches and Jewelry.

J. G. WILKINSON.
Dec 16, 1861—d3 w3

A CARD.

TO OUR FRIENDS:—For the purpose of settling our out standing business to this date. Our firm will change its style on the 1st day of January 1862, to WILLIAMS & OATES, who will continue the business at the old stand of the subscribers. We earnestly request our customers to come forward and settle their indebtedness, as business cannot be carried on without money.

The ready zeal with which both partners have volunteered to serve their country is a claim upon you which should not be overlooked nor should you by withholding their just due cause a total sacrifice of their business.

OATES & WILLIAMS.
Dec. 30, '61. tf.

THOMPSON & BARNES,

WHOLESALE
GROCERS AND MERCHANTS,
23 & 25 COMMON STREET,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Orders for Sugar, Molasses, &c., solicited.

With an experience of twenty years, we feel confident of giving satisfaction.

jan 18 '62—d3m

CHEAP FOR CASH.

100 BOXES
MEDIUM TOBACCO,
AT WHOLESALE PRICES,
FOR SALE BY
KARL LANDFRIED,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
January 25, 1861—tf

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

150 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR,
Common, 9 cts.
Fair 11 "
Strictly Fair, 12 to 13 cts.
400 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES, 65 cts. per Gallon.

The prices are to Merchants only. Orders promptly attended to.

jan. 7 1862. WILLIAMS & OATES.

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO.
Charlotte Flour Mill.
aug 1, 1860—1y

COTTON BUYERS.

ELIAS & COHEN

will purchase
COTTON,
GRAIN, FLOUR,
AND
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
of all kinds, for which the
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH
will be paid.
Just received a large lot of
BAGGING
AND
ROPING,
and a complete supply of
GROCERIES.
nov 6 '61 tw[illegible] E. & C.

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and GRIST.

JOHN WILKES,
aug 1, 1860—1y Charlotte Flour Mills.

READ THIS! THE SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

Having closed our business in the town of Charlotte, I hereby give you due notice that your notes and accounts for 1861 is ready for settlement. I shall expect all persons (except the soldier in the army,) to come forward immediately and pay up, as I am compelled to have money or suffer. Any man that will keep money in his pocket when it is justly due his fellow man, is doing injustice to himself and his country, therefore I ask you to come forward and put your shoulder to the wheel. Any man that would plead the present stay law might want credit hereafter. Look out.

WM. TRELOAR.
Dec. 9, 1861. dec 10, '61—d1w1mo

GOLD! GOLD!! GOLD!!!

Five Hundred Ounces
WANTED AT
J. T. BUTLER'S
Jewelry Store,
Opposite Kerr's Hotel.

N. B. The highest cash price paid for gold and silver. jan 18 '62—d12*

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH.

A. W. ALEXANDER,
SURGEON DENTIST.
GRADUATE OF THE BALTIMORE DENTAL COLLEGE.

IS FULLY PREPARED TO DO ALL DENTAL Work in the latest improved styles, and will be at his office two weeks in each month dating from the first Monday (of the month) and will appropriate the remainder of his time to all persons desiring work done at their residences, who will signify the same by addressing him at Charlotte, N. C.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Office, opposite Kerr's Hotell,
Brown's building, up-stairs.
april 12 1861—tf

A SERVANT WOMAN TO HIRE

By the month, or for the remainder of the year. Apply to Capt. Wilkes, or Mr. Boyd, at the Steam Mill, or to the undersigned, E. M. EVERHART.

jan 28, '62—3t*

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

AN experienced COOK, Washer and Ironer, will hear of a pleasant situation on application through this office.

Jan. [illegible] tf

MILITARY ORDER.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT N. C.,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, February 13th, 1862.

FIVE REGIMENTS OF VOLUNTEERS for the war are wanted to make up North Carolina's Quota of the Army of the Confederate States, to whom a bounty of fifteen dollars per man will be paid by the State and fifty dollars per man by the Confederate States.

This number is expected to be raised with as little delay as possible, and Companies at present organizing will report to this Office with as little delay as possible. They will be received by Companies or individuals, and when a full Company is tendered, four officers will be commissioned; with a less number appointments will be given as follows: A Captain for forty men; First Lieutenant for twenty-five men; Second Lieutenant for fifteen.

The Militia who have been ordered on duty, and to be in readiness, can still avail themselves of this opportunity of getting into the volunteer service, and the number so doing will be credited to their respective counties.

By order of the Governor,
J. G. MARTIN, Adjutant General.

All the papers in the State copy four times.

feb 17, 1862—4t